Grade 3 Module 2

Enduring Understanding

Creative Process: Movement can be organized to create dances.

Essential Questions

• How do you decide the sequence of a dance phrase or study?

• Why are the beginning and ending of a dance study so important?

| Process | Process | Standards |
|---------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Create | Generating Exploring Improvising Creating | 2.1 Create and perform complex improvised movement patterns, dance sequences, and studies. 2.2 Improvise and select multiple possibilities to solve a given movement problem (e.g., find four different ways to combine a turn, stretch, and jump). 2.3 Create a sequence that has a beginning, a middle, and an end. Name and refine the parts of the sequence. 2.8 Create, memorize and perform original movement sequences with a partner or small group |
| Perform | Practicing and Developing Movement Skills Building Vocabulary | 1.2 Demonstrate the ability to start, change, and stop movement. |
| Respond | Observing Responding | |
| Connect | Connecting Applying | |

Essential standards and **supporting standards** to be assessed.

Developing Concepts

Choreographic Principles and Processes: Dance Structure

Key Idea:

• Dances should have a clear beginning, middle, and end.

Knowledge

Vocabulary

- Entrance
- Exit
- Beginning, Middle, End

- Explore various options for beginning a movement study and ending a movement study (still shapes; entrances; exits)
- Make thoughtful choices in choreographing the beginning and ending of a movement study

Choreographic Principles and Processes: Sequencing

Key Idea:

• Choreographers explore movement possibilities and make conscious choices in creating movement sequences.

Knowledge

Vocabulary

- Sequence
- Exploration/Explore
- Improvisation/Improvise
- Choreograph
- Choreography
- Choreographer

- Explore and improvise multiple possibilities to solve a given movement problem
- Make choices in sequencing movements (movement selection)
- Articulate the reasons for your movement choices

Communication of Meaning: Building a Phrase

Key Idea:

- Choreographers create movement phrases around an idea.
- Ideas for movement are inspired by many things.

Knowledge

Vocabulary

- Phrase
- Movement Idea
- Sequence
- Inspire

- Respond to and generate ideas which inspire movement
- Identify a simple idea on which to build a phrase
- Explore movement possibilities around an idea
- Select and sequence movements to create a movement phrase
- Create a movement phrase with a clear beginning and ending.

Movement Invention: Using the Elements of Dance

Key Idea:

• Choreographers use the elements of dance (body, space, time and energy) to explore movement possibilities.

Knowledge

Vocabulary

- Elements of Dance (body, space time and energy/force)
- Exploration
- Improvisation

- Use the elements of dance to *explore* the possibilities of given movements, movement sequences and/or phrases
- Use the elements of dance to *extend and develop* given movements, movement sequences and/or phrases
- Improvise with a focus on the elements of dance

Movement Invention: The Process

Key Idea:

• Movement exploration and improvisation are in important part of the choreographic process. Choreographers explore movement and improvise in order to generate movement ideas for their dances.

Knowledge

Vocabulary

- Exploration
- Improvisation
- Movement Choices

- Use exploration and improvisation as means of movement invention in the choreographic process
- Use exploration and improvisation to expand/develop movement possibilities
- Make movement choices for dance sequences/studies from movement ideas generated in movement explorations and/or improvisations

Cooperation: Working with Others

Key Idea:

- Choreographers can work with others to create dances.
- Dancers can perform together in groups, e.g., duets, trio or quartets.

Knowledge

Vocabulary

- Cooperation
- Partner
- Duet
- Trio
- Quartet

- Work cooperatively with a partner or in a small group to create dance sequences or short dance studies
- Perform dance sequences or short dance studies in different groupings, e.g., duet, trio, quartet.